UP SAINIK SCHOOL CLASS 9TH ANS KEYS

1. Our team lost the match because they did not listen to theadvice. He Is such nice fellow.	Directions: In Question A	LISH
audlence? (A) truly (B) newly (C) wildly (C) wind widely (C) any, no (D) the (E) and (C) team (D) blink (E) won't come to the party, (E) would you (C) won't you (C) as (D) yet (C) as (D) wouldn't you (D) wouldn't you (D) wouldn't you (D) wouldn't you (E) deer's (C) deer's (D) deers's (D) myself (D) wouldn'tyou (E) weakest (A) weakest (B) before (C) now (D) since	Correct option. 1. Our team lost the match because they did not listen to the advice. Coach's (B) Coaches (C) Coach (D) Coachs'	7. Whatsortofperson is he? He is suchnice fellow. a, a (B) the, a (C) the, the (D) no article, no article
information. In	2. The magician displayed his trick to the audience? (A) truly (B) newly (C) wildly	(A) many, any (B) some, no (C) few, little
(A) because (C) lest (C) as (D) yet (D) yet (E) yet (E) yet (D) yet (E) yet (E) yet (E) yet (E) yet (E) yet (E) won'tyou (D) wouldn'tyou (E) won'tyou (D) wouldn'tyou (E) won'tyou (D) wouldn'tyou (C) learn had an accident while cycling and hurt (E) each other (E) herself (E) herself (E) myself (E)	3. Newspapers provide us with worth information. no article (B) an (C) a (D) the 4. You should read widely you should be	(B) edge (C) team (D) blink 10. You won't come to the party,?
(C) deer's (C) herself (D) deers's (D) myself 6. If you cannot find your notes you can try (A) their, anywhere (B) before (C) everywhere, there (D) nowhere, everwhere (D) since	lest (C) as (D) yet	(C) won't you (D) wouldn't you 11. Radha and Rajani had an accident while
try (A) their, anywhere (B) before (C) everywhere, there (D) nowhere, everwhere (D) nowhere, everwhere (D) since	(C) deer's (D) deers's	each other (C) herself (D) myself
(D) nowhere, everwhere	try (A) their, anywhere here, elsewhere (5) everywhere, there	(B) before (C) now
	(D) nownere, ever where	**

13. I will wait 7 PM as afterwards I have an important meeting.	19. I don't want to go to the beach today as it was
1111	(A) freeze over
(8) on	Overcast
(C) at	(C) outcast
(D) by	
14. Doitnowyou will forget.	(D) dried off 20. All the members of the staff the tool
(A) before	20. All the members of the staff the taxi stand.
(8) yet	(A) is reaching
(C) though	(B) was reaching
or or	
15. Don't bite the hand	(C) reaches
(A) that bless	have reached
(B) that beats you	Directions: In Questions 21 to 23, choose the
that itches you that feeds you	correct option to complete each sentence. 21. I could see that Frank for all night
16are better than	long.
(A) It, that	(A) have studied
These, those	(B) studying
(C) This, these	had been studying
(D) Those, it	(D) were studying
 Muneer is capable any crime that's why police is always suspicious him. 	22. Therea serious car crash in Pune.
of/of	(A) our
(B) of/at	(B) has
(G) on/of	(C) is being
(D) about/in	has been
Rocky is wasting his money his parents are starving.	 We through the woods when we spotted a tiger.
(A) than	(A) wonder
(B) then	(B) wondering
(C) since	(C) wondered
while	were wondering
Page 4	4 of 40 Set—A / Class 9

pirections: In Questions 24 to 26, arrange the jumbled words appropriately to form a meaningful sentence.

- 24 had/charming/Indira/Gandhi/personality/ /powerful/and/a
 - (A) Had a charming and powerful personality Indira Gandhi.
 - (8) Charming and powerful personality has a Indira Gandhi.
 - Indira Gandhi had a charming and powerful personality.
 - (D) Indira had a Gandhi charming and powerful personality.
- 25. visit / good / Sabarmati Asharam / her / to / made/a/impression/on/her
 - (A) A visit to Sabarmati Asharam made her good impression on her.
 - (B) A good impression made on her visit to her Sabarmati Asharam.
 - Her visit to Sabarmati Asharam made a good impression on her.
 - (D) Visit to her Sabarmati Asharam made a good impression on her.
- 26. year/a/in/got/the everyone/last/group/ compliment
 - (A) Everyone got a compliment in group the last year.
 - (8) Last year got a compliment everyone in the group.
 - Everyone in the group got a compliment last year.
 - (D) In the everyone group year a got last compliment.

Directions: In Questions 27 to 30, choose the appropriate adjectives for the underlined phrases.

- Though children usually love tomato sauce, I find it quite opposite to my liking.
 - (A) nasty
 - W
 - (C) generous
- VOT rude
- Poets have written so much about the unkernet hair of their beloved; practically they give rather an untidy appearance.
 - Al neat
 - (B) tidy
 - (C) spruce
 - (D) scruffy
- Adwik is quite lacking in confidence and has a low opinion of himself that he is not even aware of his own potential.
 - (2) diffident
 - (B) forward
 - (C) confident
 - (D) assured
- When Shubha was young, she looked very pretty but now with growing age her face shows signs of tiredness and age.
 - (A) Fresl
 - (B) Robust
 - Haggard
 - (D) Vigorous
- Synonym of 'Dodge'
 - VV avoid
 - (B) face
 - (C) drag
 - 101
- (D) push forward
- 32. Synonym of 'Archaic'
 - VAY Obsolete
 - (B) Vogue
 - (C) Current
 - D) Present

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Set-A / Class 9

33. Synonym of 'Perish'

34. Antonym of 'Sympathy'

(C) Rover

Apathy

35. Antonym of 'Explicit'

VB) Specific

Obscure

36. Antonym of 'Elude'

Baffle

37. Choose the option with correct spelling.

Lieutenant

(B) Lueltenant

38. Choose the option with incorrect spelling.

(A) Desperate

(B) Diarrhoea

Democrasy

39. Choose the option with correct spelling

(A) Arcitecture

Architacture

(D) Arkeetecture

40. Choose the option with incorrect spelling.

Accommodate

(C) Acquire

(D) Acquit

Directions: Read the following passages and answer the questions by choosing the most

appropriate option.

One day a farmer's donkey fell down into a well. The animal cried pitrously for hours as the farmer tried to ligure out what to do.

Finally, he decided since the animal was old. and the well needed to be covered up anyway. If just wasn't worth it to retrieve the dankey. So, the farmer invited all his neighbours to come over and help him. They all grabbed shovels and begin to

But they discovered there was nothing they could do to help him. At first, when the donkey realised what was happening, he cried horribly. Then, to overyone's amazement, he quieted down. A few shovel loads later, the farmer finally looked down the well, and was astonished at what he saw.

With every shovel of dirt that hit his back, the donkey was doing something amazing. He would shake it off, and take a step up on the dirt as it piled up. As the farmer's neighbours continued to shovel dirt on the top of the animal, he would shake it off and take a step up. Pretty soon, everyone was amazed as the donkey stepped up over the edge of

Moral: Life is going to shovel dirt on you, all kinds of dirt. But each trouble can be a stepping stone. What happens to you isn't nearly as important as how you react to it. We can get out of the deepest wells just by not giving up!

41. Farmer decided to cover up the well with the donkey in it because_

(A) He wanted to make a tomb over the donkey's dead body.

He disliked the donkey.

The donkey was old and wasn't worth of getting retrieved.

(D) He couldn't see him in pain.

42. The other farm animals were upset because

(A) The donkey was their friend

They were unable to do anything. (B)

Both (A) and (B)

(D) None of these

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Set-A / Class 9

What amazing scene did the farmer see? (A) The donkey quieted down,

(B) The donkey cried by

dangerous. The twists and the turns on the

- 3. What amazing scene did the farmersee?
 - (A) The donkey quieted down.
 - The dankey cried harribly.
 - The donkay was taking a step up on the
- (D) None of these
- What can be learnt from the story?
 - (A) Life always shovels dirt on us.
 - Each trouble can prove to be stepping.
 - (C) We should fall into the deepest well to succeed in life.
- (D) None of these
- 45. Which word in the story means to get it
 - (A) grabbed
 - (P) retrieve
 - (C) trotted off
 - (D) quieted down

PASSAGE-2

One of the mysteries and beauties of Sikkim is the Tshangu Lake, high above the ground. At approximately 12,000 ft, up in the mountains, is this clean and serene lake, Hundred's of colourful Maruti vans (these seem to be favourite cars here) flit up and down the mountains carrying excited tourists. Tshangu Lake is absolutely clean and fresh. No one is allowed to enter it, no boating, not throwing anything. There is a small temple of Shiva (Shiva is known as Tshangu here, hence the name of the lake). The China border is just about 30 yards away but one is forbidden to take pictures of that side, nor one is allowed to go there. Army personnel man the border and they also keep track of the cars and the people who go up and down the mountains.

A thick mist suddenly flows at anytime hence tourists are asked to go down to the planes before noon. Specially as winter sets in as it can be quite

dangerous. The twists and the turns on the

The main animal here is the Yak, a long haired placid animal, more of a cousin of the horse and the donkey and yak rides are the favourite timepass for

- 46. Tshangu Lake, the pride of Sikkim is a clean lake because LAT It is 12,000 ft up in the mountains.
 - No human activities is allowed in this take.
 - (C) Lord Shiva recides here
 - (D) None of these
- 47. Photography is forbidden there because
 - (A) It is a secret place.
 - (B) There is a thick mist surrounding the
 - The China border is just 30 yards away and therefore secrecy is maintained.
 - (D) It is difficult due to uneven terrain.
- 48. The visit to the lake can prove to be dangereous because of
 - Thick mist and sharp turns.
 - (B) The vicinity of China border.
 - (C) Height.
 - (D) None of these.
- 49. The children are fond of Yak because
 - (A) Yaks are angry animals,
 - Children like Yak rides.
 - (C) Yaks are the cousin of the horse.
 - (D) Yaks are the main animal of that area.
- 50. "Army personnel man the border". What is the meaning of 'man' here?
 - (A) Aperson
 - (B) Aarmy man
 - Be in charge of
 - Strong man

Set-A / Class 9

GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

- 51. The metal which is stored in kerosene is called 51. वह बातु जिसे विही के तेल में रखा जाता है-

 - Sodium
 - (C) Magnesium
- 52. The Chairman of the drafting committee of

 - Dr B R Ambedkar
- 53. EVM's were used for the first time in General Elections to the Lok Sabha -
 - (A) 2001

 - 2004
- 54. Minerals that lie at shallow depths are taken out by removing the surface layer. This is known as-
 - Open cast mining
 - · (B) Shaft mining
 - Drilling
 - (D) All of the above
- 55. The Marathi newspaper 'Kesari' was Edited by
 - (A) Bipin Chandrapal
 - Sarojini Naidu
 - Bal Gangadhar Tilak
 - (D) Lala Lajpat Rai

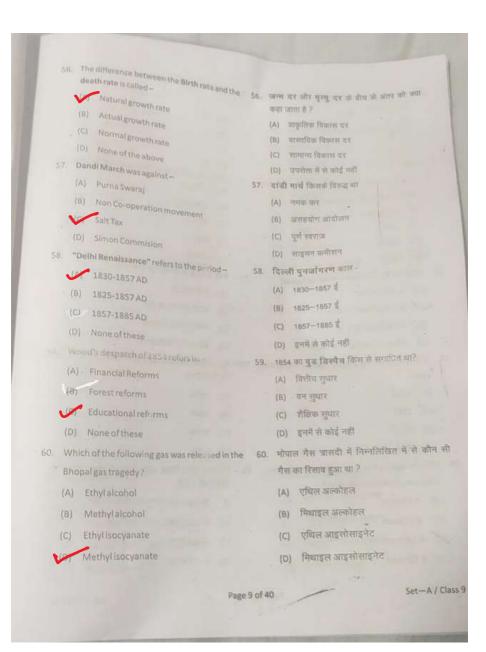
- - (C) मैक्सिक्स
 - (D) केल्यियम
- भारतीय संविधान की प्रारूप शर्मित के जल्यक थे-

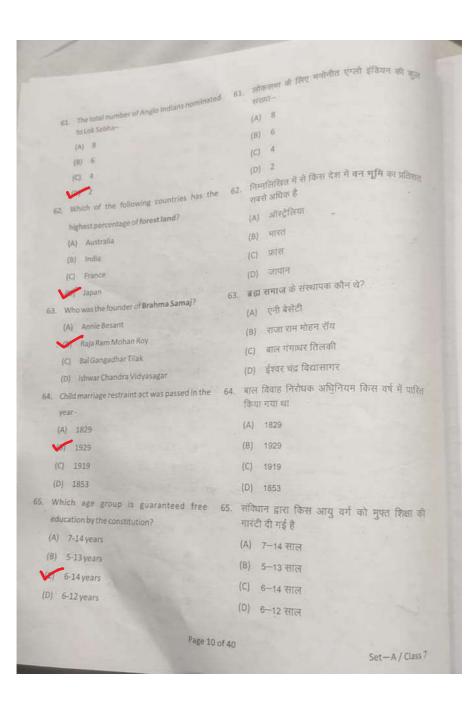
 - (B) वी वी कार अस्मेककर
 - (C) डॉ राजेंद्र प्रसाद
 - (D) जे एल नेहरू
- ईववीवएमव लॉक सभा के आम चुनावों में पहली बार कब हरतेमाल किया गया था-
 - (A) 2001
 - (B) 2002

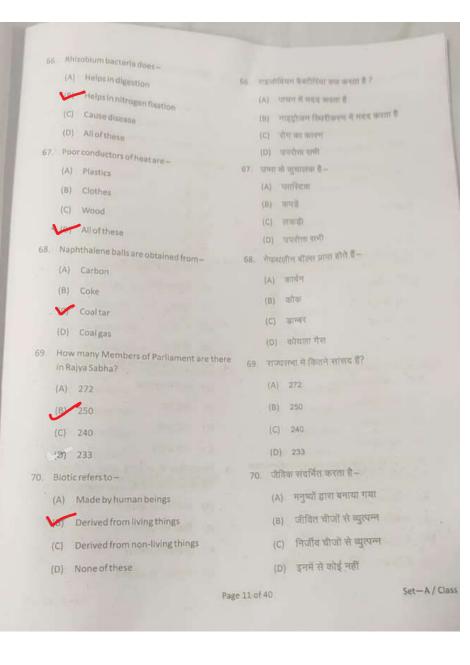
 - (D) 2004
- सतह की परत को हटाकर उथली गहराई पर पड़े खनिजों को बाहर निकाल लिया जाता है इसे कहते हैं
 - (A) ओपन कॉस्ट माइनिंग
 - (B) दस्ता खनन
 - (C) डिलिंग
 - उपरोक्त सभी
- मराठी अखबार केंसरी का संपादन किसके द्वारा किया गया था-
 - (A) बिपिन चंद्रपाल
 - सरोजिनी नायडू
 - बाल गंगाधर तिलक
 - लाला लाजपत राय

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Set-A / Class 9

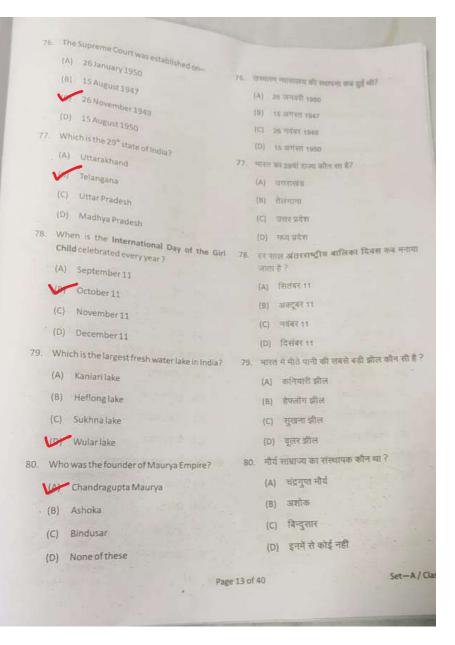


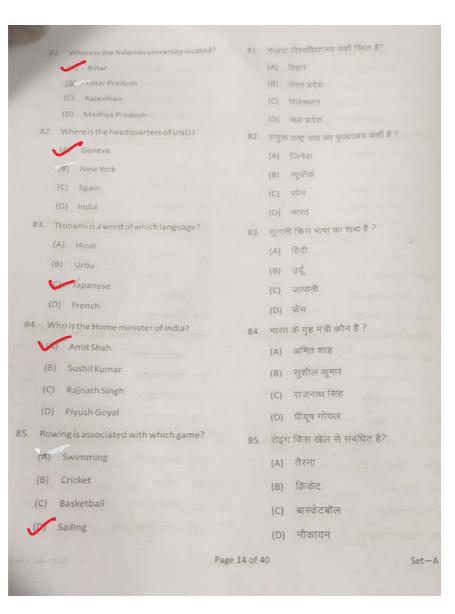




71. AMUL WI QU HIN WIT B-73. AMUL stands for-(A) वाहमदाबाद विरुक्त पुनियम सिविटेड (A) Abemedabad milk union limited (8) आनंध निस्ता पुनाइटेड सिनिटेड (B) Arund milk united limited (C) आरोद शामक्य कृतियन विविधेत Anand milk union limited (D) आनंद मिल्क युनियन जिमिटेड 72. How many permanent members are there in 72. संयुक्त राष्ट्र सुरक्षा परिषद में कितने स्थायी सदस्य (A) 3 (A) 3 (B) 4 (C) 5 (D) 6 (D) 6 73. विश्व का सबसे छोटा देश है-73. Smallest country in the world is-(A) वेटिकन सिटी Vatican City भृटान (B) (B) Bhutan (C) नेपाल (C) Nepal (D) श्रीलंका 74. किसने 1905 में बंगाल का विभाजन किया था? 74. Who partitioned Bengal in 1905? (A) लॉर्ड माउंटबेटन (A) Lord Mountbatten (B) लॉर्ड मिंटो (C) लॉर्ड इरविन (C) Lord Irwin (Z) Lord Curzon (D) लॉर्ड कर्जन 75. निम्नलिखित में से कौन भारत के नागरिकों व 75. Which of the following is not a Fundamental Right of citizens of India? मौलिक अधिकार नहीं है? (A) Right to equality (A) समानता का अधिकार (B) Right of education (B) शिक्षा का अधिकार Right of property (C) संपत्ति का अधिकार (D) Right of freedom (D) स्वतंत्रता का अधिकार Set-A/C

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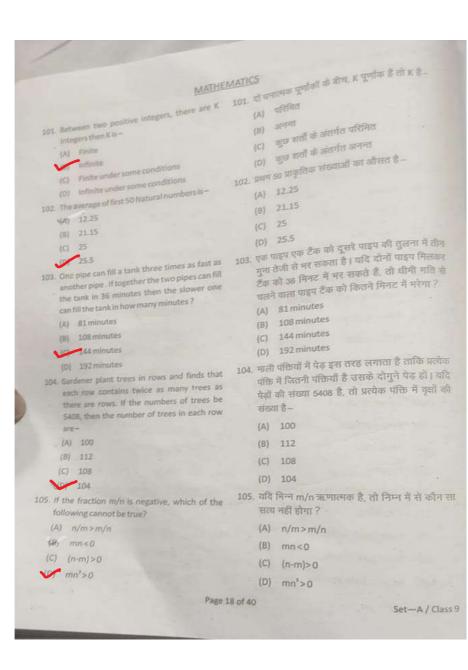


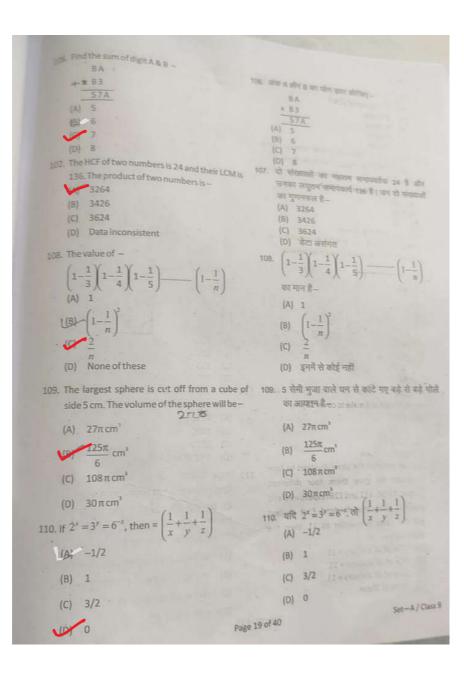


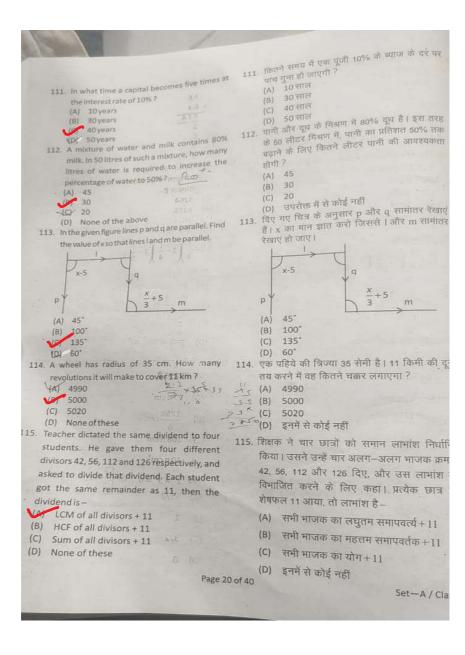
g6 In which year volleyball was included in Asian games?	86. वॉलीवॉल को पशियाई खेलों में किस वर्ष शामिल किया गया था?
(A) 1947	(A) 1947
(B) 1950	(8) 1950
1958	(C) 1958
(D) 1967	(D) 1967
87. When did the Arjuna Award begin?	87. अर्जुन पुरस्कार की शुरुआत कब हुई थी ?
(A) 1961	(A) 1961
(B) 1957	(B) 1957
(c) 1948	(C) 1948
(8) 1972	(D) 1972
88. When was ISRO founded?	88. इसरो की स्थापना कब हुई थी?
(A) 15 August 1961	(A) 15 अगस्त 1961
(B) 15 August 1963	(B) 15 अगस्त 1963
15 August 1969	(C) 15 अगस्त 1969
(D) 15 August 1968	(D) 15 अगस्त 1968
89. Which is the largest flower in the world?	89. विश्व का सबसे बड़ा फूल कौन सा है?
Rafflesia	(A) रैफलेसिया
(B) Jasmine	(B) चमेली
	(C) ग्लेडियोलस
(C) Gladiolus	
(D) Camellina	(D) कैमेलिना
90. Which of the following mountain ranges are the oldest?	90. निम्नलिखित में से कौन से पर्वत श्रृंखला सबसे पुरानं हैं?
(A) Nilgiris	(A) नीलगिरी
(B) Satpuras	(B) सतपुड़ा
Aravalis	(C) अरावली
(0) Himalayas	(D) हिमालय
Page	e 15 of 40 Set—A / Class

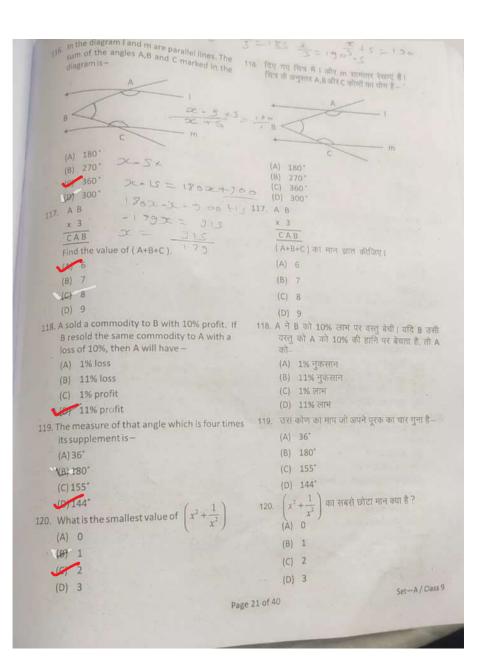
(A) 2004 (A) 2004 (B) 2003 (B) 2003 (C) 2005 (C) 2005 (D) 2002 (D)	
(A) 2004 (B) 2003 (C) 2005 (D) 2002 (D) 2003 (E) 2005 (E)	अधिकार अधिनियम का पारित क्रिन्
(8) 2003 (C) 2005 (D) 2002 92. When was the mid-day meal scheme (A) 1994 (A) 1994 (B) 1995 (B) 1995	
(C) 2005 92. When was the mid-day meal scheme 92. THERE WILLIE (A) 1994 (A) 1994 (B) 1995	
92. When was the mid-day meal scheme 92. 中間 vitor launched— (A) 1994 (A) 1995 (B) 1995	
launched— 92. 1991 (A) 1994 (A) 1995 (B) 1995	
1995 (B) 1995	भ योजना कम शुरू की गई थी?
(C) 1996 (C) 1996	
(B) 1997 (D) 1997	
93. Indian Army Day is celebrated every year on — 93. भारतीय सेन	ता दिवस किस दिन मनाया जाता 😢
January 15 (A) जनर	री 15
(B) February 15 (B) 1973	री 15
(C) June 15	15
(D) July 15 (D) 기계	ng 15
Of the Park of the	की सीमा कितने राज्यों / संघीय राज्यों र
(A) 9	
(B) 10	
(B) 10	
(C) 8	
(D) 11 (D) 11	
5. Which is the largest animal in the world?	
(A) Shark	सबसे बड़ा जानवर कौन सा है?
(A) शाव	Ď.
(B) 📆	व्हेल
(C) Elephant (C) हाथ	T .
(D) Giraffe (D) Gir	सफ
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man and a second of	Set—A/C

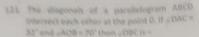
¥	ow many balls do you need to	प्रिकृ वि. विकासिक क्षेत्रकों को तिथा बतावारी विकासी संबंधि व जारास्थाला करती है?	
V	A.	E (A)	
	5	(8) 4	
) 6	(C) 5	
97. W	hich is the largest desert in the world?	(D) 6	
(A	Kalahari Worlds	97. विश्व परा समसे महा देगिस्ताल कॉन ^{तर्स} 87	
(8)	Gobi	(A) कालाहारी	
(C)	Taklamakan	(6) गोविक	
	Sahara	(C) शक्रसमानी	
98. WI	ich is the largest ocean in the world?	(D) सहारा	
(A)	Indian ocean	SEL MARIE WOLLS	
(8)	Atlanticocean	(A) हिंद महास्तामर	
(C)	Arcticocean	(B) अटलाटिक महासागर	
	Pacificocean	(c) आकंटिक महासागर	
Val		(D) प्रशांत महासागर	
9. Wh	ich is India's first supercomputer?	99. भारत का पहला सुपर कम्यूटर कीन सा	7
	Param 8000	(A) परम 8000	
- (B)	Param 800000	(B) परम 800000	
(C)	Param 800	(C) परम 800	
(D)	Param 8	(D) परम 8	
o. Whi	ch bank is called 'Bankers Bank of	India'? 100. किस बैंक को बैंकर्स बैंक ऑफ इंडिया	कहा जाता ह
(A)	ICICI Bank	(A) आईसीआईसीआई बैंक	
(B)	Punjab National Bank	(8) पंजाब नेशनल बैंक	
(C)	State Bank of India	(c) भारतीय स्टेट बैंक	
1	Reserve Bank of India	(D) भारतीय रिजर्व बैंक	













122. A number of two digits has 3 as its unit digit and sum of the digits is 1/7" of the number itself. The number is -

- (A) 53
- (8)
- (C) 43
- VD 63
- 123. A person spends Rs 501 to buy tables and chairs, if the cost of each chair is Rs 15 and a table costs 40% more than a chair and the total number of articles bought were 27, how many tables and chairs did he buy?

VAL 16 Tables and 11 chairs

- (B) 15 Tables and 12 chairs
- (C) 13 Tables and 14 chairs
- (D) 10 Tables and 17 chairs
- 124. Two factors of the expression (Px1-x2-4x-Q) are (x-1) and (x+2) then the value of P and Q are-
 - (A) P=1, Q=4
 - (B) P=-1, Q=4
 - (C) P = -1, Q = -4
 - DY P=1, Q=-4
- 125. A polyhedron has 30 edges and 20 vertices. How many faces does the polyhedron have?

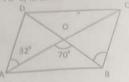


20+20.20=)

- 15 x-1022 18

- 2 = 2 + 17

131. you write supply ABCD is filed for o up ulivate with \$1 ald aDAC = 32" and ADB = 70° 8, m = DBC 8-



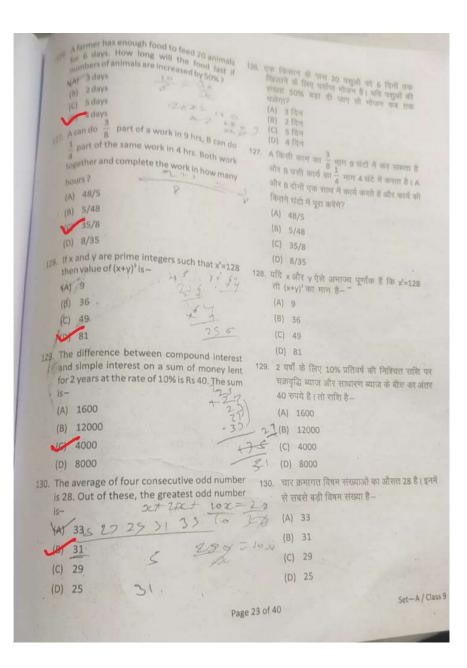
- (A) 24°
- (C) 38'
- (D) 86
- 122. यो अंकों की एक संख्या का इकाई अक 3 है और अंकों का योग संख्या का 1/7" है. संख्या है
 - (A)

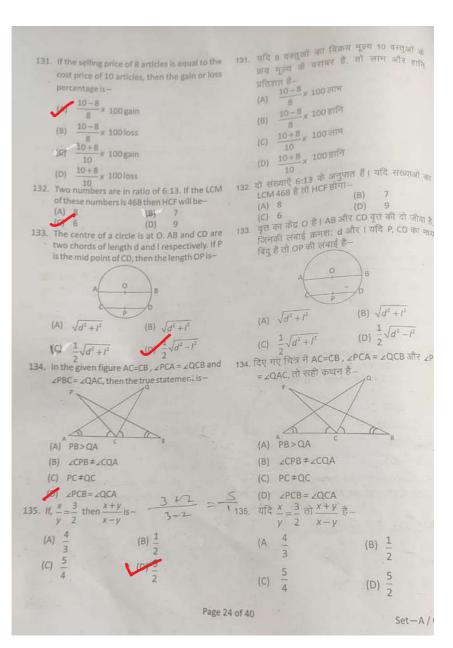
 - 43 (D) 63
- 123. एक व्यक्ति ने मेज और कुर्सियों को खरीदन के ि रु 501 खर्च किये, यदि प्रति क्सी की कीमत हुन है और एक मेज की कीमत एक कुर्शी से 40% है और कुल खरीदी गई वस्तुओं की कर

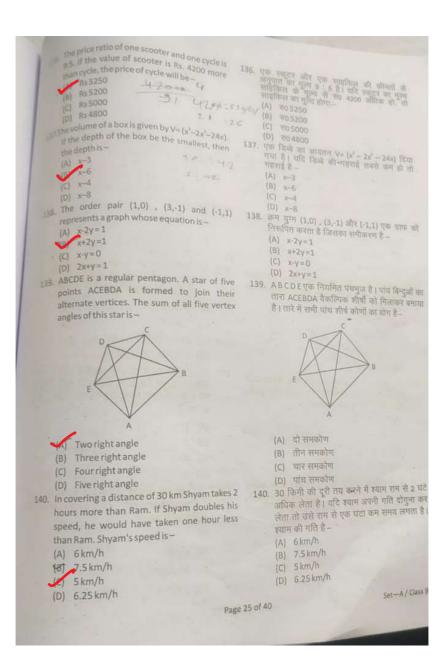
है, तो उसने कितनी मेजे और क्सिया खराहा

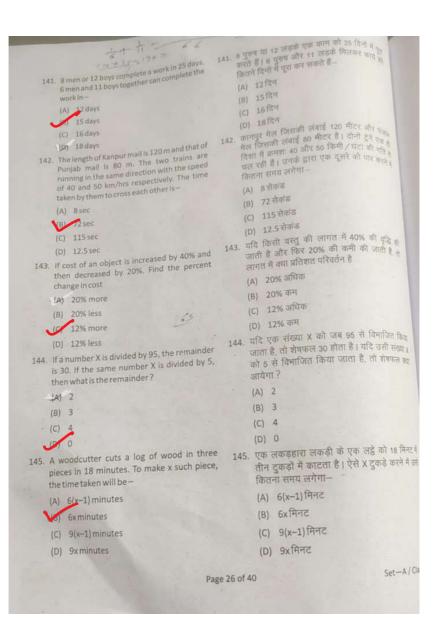
- (A) 16 मेज और 11 क्सियाँ
- (B) 15 मेज और 12 क्सियाँ (C) 13 मेज और 14 क्सिंगाँ
- (D) 10 मेज और 17 क्सियाँ
- 124. व्यंजक के दो गुणनखंड (Px³-x³-4x-Q) है (s और (x+2) तो P और Q का मान है -
 - (A) P=1, Q=4
 - (B) P=-1, Q=4
 - (C) P = -1, Q = -4
 - (D) P = 1, Q = -4
- 125. एक बहफलक में 30 किनारे और 20 शीर्ष ह बहुफलक के कितने फलक होंगे ?
 - (A) 12
 - 15
 - 18
 - (D) 11

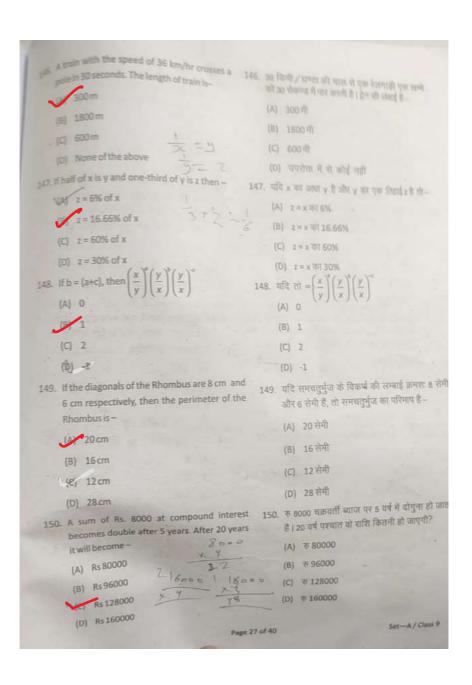
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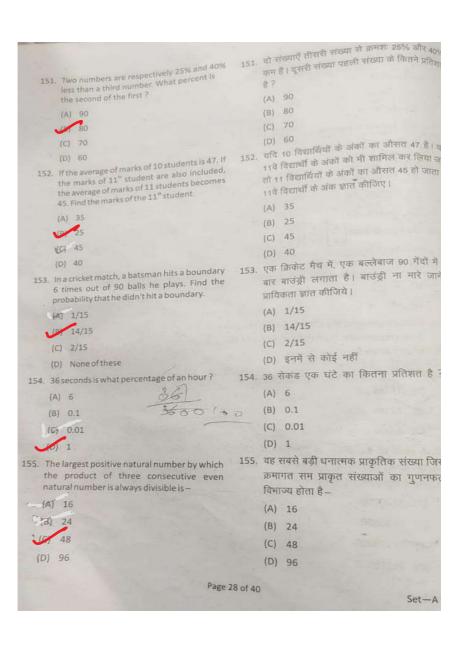


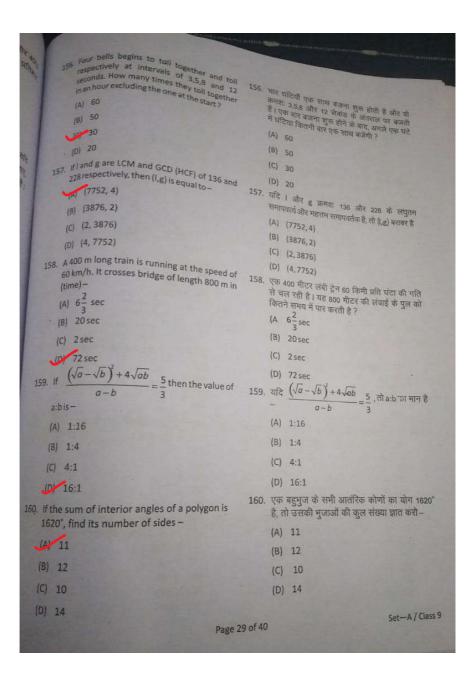


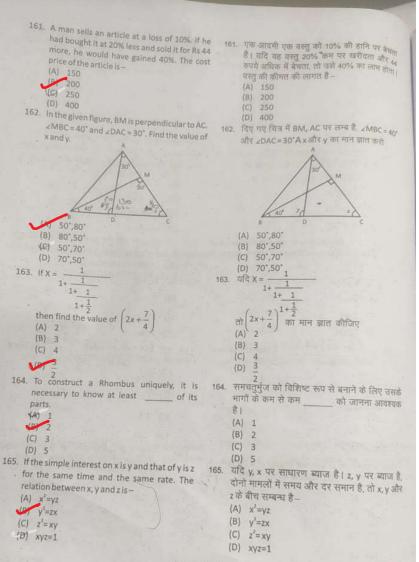


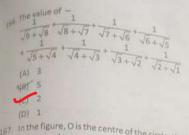












167. In the figure, O is the centre of the circle, then



- (B) 2:1
- (C) 3:2
- (D) 1:4
- 168. A single discount is equivalent to a single discount series of 25%, 20%, 10% is-
 - (A) 54
 - (P) 55
 - (C) 46
 - (D) 45
- 169. The mean of 20 observations is 12.5 by error, one observation was noted as -15 instead of 15. Then the correct mean is-
 - (A) 11.75
 - (B) 11
 - 14
 - (D) 13.25
- 170. If $x^2+y^2=25$ and xy=12, then the value of (x-1+y-1) is-
 - (A) 21/5
 - VBI 7/12
 - ICH 7/12
 - (D) Both (B) and (c)

- 166
 - - भाग मान-

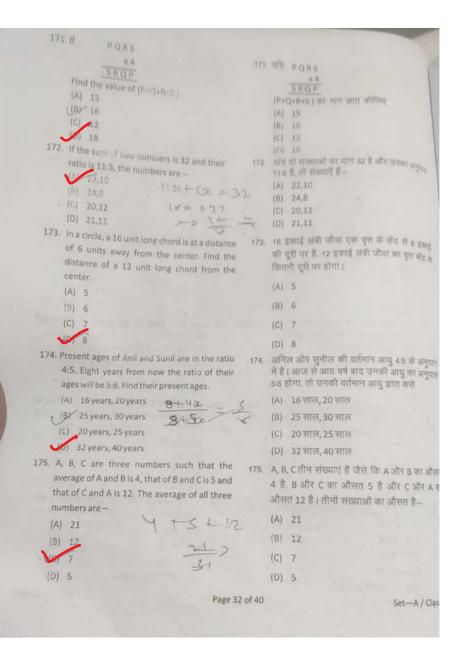
 - (8) 5
- 167, दिए गए चित्र में O बृत्त का केंद्र है, तो X.Y बराबर है-

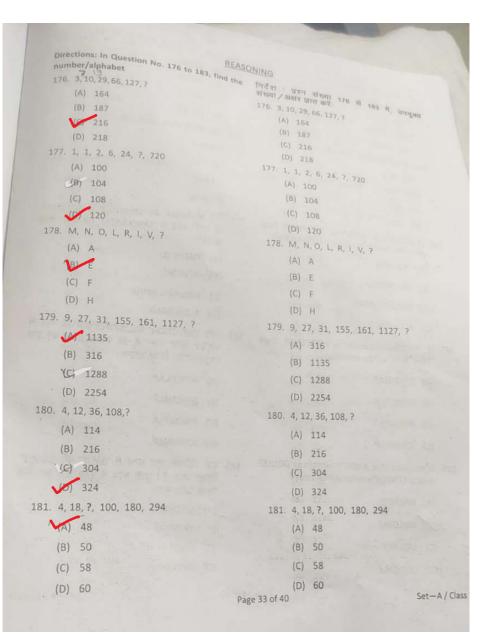


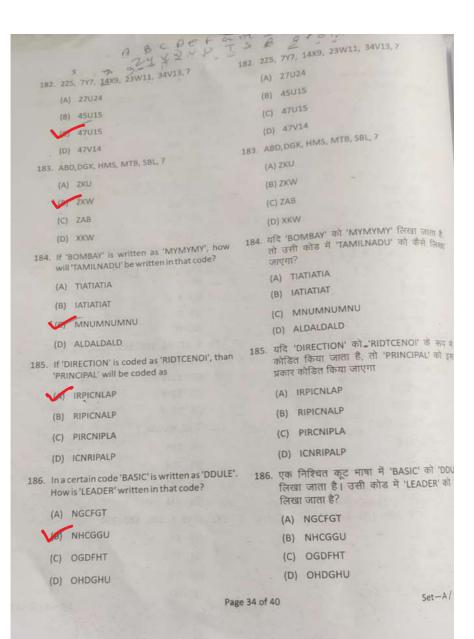
- (A) 1:1
- (B) 2:1
- (D) 1:4
- 168. 25%, 20%, 10% की छूट श्रृंखला के बराबर एक एकल छट है-
 - (A) 54
 - (B) 55
 - (C) 46 (D) 45
- 169. 20 प्रेक्षणों का माध्य त्रुटिवश 12.5 है, एक प्रेक्षण को 15 के बजाय -15 के रूप में नोट किया गया था। तो सही माध्य है-
 - (A) 11.75
 - (B) 11
 - (C) 14
 - (D) 13.25
 - यदि x²+y²= 25 और xy=12, तो (x²+y²) का मान है -
 - (A) 21/5
 - (B) 7/12
 - (C) -7/12
 - (D) Both (B) and (c)

Set-A / Class 9

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387. If 'ROBUST' is coded as 'QNATRS' in a certain language, which word would be coded as 187, वरि किसी विशिवत भाषा में 'ROBUST' की 'CNATRS' के कप में कोडिस किया जाता है, तो then and my AXCWb, sp and h spiget bank (AL AWDLO AYDNO (A) AWDLO (B) AYDNO (C) BZEOR (C) BZEOR (D) YYBNO 188. Pantry : Store :: Scullery : 7 188. पेंट्री : स्टोर :: स्कलशे : ? (A) Cook (A) वावर्थी VB) Kitchen (B) एसोई (C) Utensils (C) चलंग (D) Washer (D) घोबी 189. Coal: Ebony :: Soot : ? 189. कोयला : आबनुस :: कालिख : ? (A) Rust (A) जंग (B) Ashes (B) राख 12) Raven (C) काला कीआ (D) খम (D) Blush 190. स्मृतिलोप : स्मृति :: पक्षाधात : ? 190. Amnesia: Memory :: Paralysis: ? (A) हलचल (A) Movement (B) अंग (B) Limbs विकलांग (C) Handicapped (D) Legs Set-A/C

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